



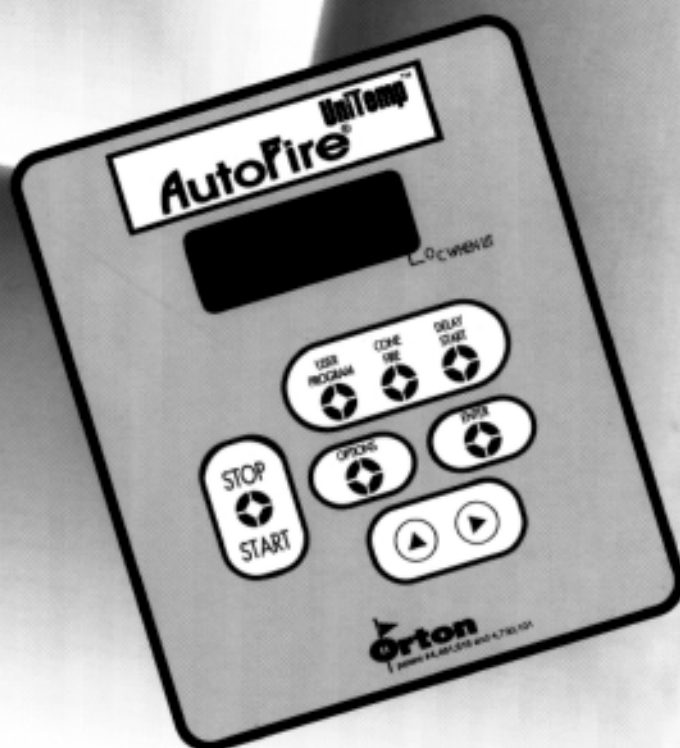
AutoFire®

Models:

AutoFire® Plus

AutoFire® Pro

AutoFire® UniTemp



User's Guide

AutoFire® Kiln Controller

AutoFire® Kiln Controller

User's Guide

**AutoFire® Plus
AutoFire® Pro
AutoFire® UniTemp™
AutoFire® UniTemp™ - Solid State Relay Option**

Orton Ceramic Foundation

Electronic Control & Monitoring Products

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INTRODUCTION

Congratulations on purchasing Orton's **AutoFire®** controller. You now have the finest controller available for use in firing glass and ceramics. It will provide more precise control and many valuable features not available with other controllers. It can even be programmed and the firing monitored from a personal computer, using software available from Orton. Contact your kiln manufacturer or Orton for more information on this feature. This User's Guide will explain the features, benefits, options and operation of your new Orton AutoFire® Kiln Controller. Use the Quick Start manual for normal operation of the controller and this Guide for more detailed descriptions of controller features. Before making your first firing, take the time to become familiar with the features of this product. With proper use and installation, you will be assured many years of superior performance and service. If you have any comments or questions, feel free to contact the Orton Ceramic Foundation or your Orton Distributor or Reseller. We would enjoy hearing from you. Again, thanks for choosing an Orton product.

For simplicity, AutoFire® has only 8 keys. The main keys allow firing programs to be selected and the delay start feature to be used with a limited number of keystrokes. The *OPTIONS* key provides you with access to many other features. Take the time to learn the features you want to regularly use. All models of the AutoFire® controller use the same basic programming, but not all features are available on every model.

AutoFire® controllers use proprietary PID Plus control software that eliminates the excessive cycling associated with control schemes found with most other controllers. Cycling occurs when the controller turns the kiln on or off and the temperature does not closely follow the program selected. PID Plus minimizes the effect of cycling by anticipating how the kiln temperature will respond when power is turned on and off.

AutoFire® controllers store programs and calibration data in memory even when powered off. If during a firing, the power goes out, it remembers how far the firing has progressed to determine whether it can be successfully resumed when power is reapplied (see page 23).

Thermocouples

All controllers depend on thermocouples placed in the kiln to measure temperature. With time, the output of most thermocouples will change, this is called drift. When drift occurs, the thermocouple no longer measures the same temperature as it did when it was new. Typically, drift causes the kiln temperature to be higher than the temperature displayed by the controller. Type K thermocouples drift more than Type S and these need to be replaced after 50-100 firings, or when damaged.

Orton recommends that Type K thermocouples normally not be used at higher temperatures (above 2100°F, unless they are made of 8 gage wire or enclosed in a protective sheath. Smaller diameter (14 gage) wire are not advisable for repeat firings above 2100°F. Type S can be used when firings regularly exceed 2100°F.

Pyrometric Cones

Orton recommends using witness cones in each firing to help determine if the kiln and controller are firing properly. These also give a permanent record of your firing. Orton cones bend when a specific amount of heatwork has been received. Bending temperatures will be different when the heating rate is changed. During the last 60 to 90 minutes, the AutoFire® controller always heats the kiln at 108°F/hr (60°C/hr).

If the kiln cannot maintain this heating rate, then a lower shut-off temperature is calculated to minimize overheating of the ware. The overall firing time of the program will be longer. This occurs when the final firing temperature at the time of completion is lower than the anticipated temperature.

Pyrometric cones and their use are explained fully in Appendix B, while a Temperature Equivalent chart is included in Appendix C.

AutoFire KILN CONTROLLER MODELS

The Orton **AutoFire®** family of kiln controllers includes four models to meet most users' needs. The features unique to each model are given below:

AutoFire® Plus

- Control With a Single Type K, N, or S Thermocouple
- Power Output to Mechanical Relay(s) for Heating Element Control
- Power Output to a Mechanical Relay for Vent Fan Control (option)

AutoFire® Pro

- Control With a Single Type K, N, or S Thermocouple
- Power Output to Solid State Relay for Heating Element Control
- Power Output to a Mechanical Relay for Safety Shut-off
- Power Output to a Mechanical Relay for Vent Fan Control (option)

AutoFire® UniTemp™

- Proprietary Algorithm Minimizes Temperature Gradients
- Control With 2 Type K, N, or S Thermocouples
- Power Output to Mechanical Relays for Heating Elements
- Control of Up to 3 Independent Heating Zones
- Power Output to a Mechanical Relay for Vent Fan Control (option)

AutoFire® UniTemp™ - Solid State Relay Option

- Proprietary Algorithm Minimizes Temperature Gradients
- Control With 2 Type K, N, or S Thermocouples
- Power Output to Solid State Relays for Heating Elements
- Control of Up to 3 Independent Heating Zones
- Power Output to a Mechanical Relay for Safety Shut Off

The *AutoFire® Plus/Pro* models referred to in this User's Guide are those listed above. References to *AutoFire® UniTemp™* refer to both the *AutoFire® UniTemp™* and the *AutoFire® UniTemp™ Solid State Relay Option* models listed above.

Using AutoFire® with a Kiln-Sitter®

If you have a Kiln-Sitter® on the kiln, you may use a Cone 10 bar or cone under the sensing rod to shut off power if the kiln reaches high temperatures. This bar will last many firings. You can also remove the cone or bar and prop up the sensing rod with a piece of refractory material. Set the Kiln-Sitter® timer for two hours longer than the firing.

FEATURES AND BENEFITS

Your new Orton AutoFire® Kiln Controller has an extensive list of standard features, a user-friendly operator interface, and a robust temperature control algorithm. These combine to provide what we believe to be the best temperature controller for electric kilns and furnaces on the market today. The following is a list of the features we believe you will find most useful as you begin using your new AutoFire® Kiln Controller:

Thermocouple Type	Choose from Type K, N, or S Thermocouples (We recommend the use of Type K up to 2100°F, Type S above 2100°F)
Cone Firings	Easy firing to Cone Numbers 022 - 12, with hold time (additional 5 to 30 minutes of hold can be added)
Proper Heat Work	Orton's patented method of adjusting firing to ensure proper heat work
Cone Table	Reference temperatures for each cone number (60°C/hr or 108°F/hr heating rates)
User Programs	10 Ramp/Hold Segments for each program, retained even when power is turned off
Accurate Control	Proprietary <i>PID Plus</i> temperature control algorithm assures more accurate firings. This also includes Soft Start and Overshoot Control
Delay Start	Automatically starts kiln at a later time (up to 9999 minutes later)
Set-Point Control	Setting hold time at 9999 minutes keeps kiln at set point temperature indefinitely
Firing Speed Control	Speed up or slow down your firing (from -40% to +40%) to better match the loading of your kiln
Program Review	Review your firing program even while the kiln is being fired
Skip Step	If you want to skip segments in a User Program.
Calibrate to a Cone	Use Cone Offset to adjust the kiln to fire to a cone to adjust the firing temperature from -38 °F to +20 °F
Temperature Alarm	Kiln Temperature Threshold Alarm can be set to audibly notify you when a temperature is reached
Power Interruption	Recovery from a power interruption occurs when proper to do so
Temperature Units	Select either Fahrenheit (°F) or Centigrade (°C) Units
Diagnostics	Audible Alarms and error codes indicate when the controller or the kiln is not firing correctly
Computer Interface	Program and monitor up to 16 kilns from a Personal Computer

Firing Your Kiln

The purpose of firing your ware is to develop long lasting, durable, valuable, and useful products. When fired properly, good-looking results are obtained. If improperly fired, the value of the ware is greatly reduced, disappointment occurs, and in some cases, the object is discarded. When this happens, your effort and anticipation leading up to the firing is wasted.

Understanding and controlling what occurs during firing will minimize problems and increase your ability to get consistently good results. The firing, after all, is usually the final process in creating your “masterpiece.”

The AutoFire® Kiln Controller contains 3 preset programs – Lo Fire, Mid Fire, and Hi Fire. These programs were designed for the firing of normal loads of hobby ceramics. As a rule, the firing in the kiln needs to be slowed down in certain temperature ranges to allow for carbon burnout and to improve temperature uniformity. The preset programs are designed with this in mind; however, when a kiln is more heavily loaded or thrown ware with thicker walls are used, additional care is needed during the firing because the ramps for the preset programs may be too fast. Experiment to determine the best firing conditions. It is also important that the kiln be vented properly - Orton recommends the use of a downdraft venting system, such as an Orton KilnVent®.

When firing to a cone number, the AutoFire® kiln controller constantly monitors the actual heating rate of the kiln. If the kiln does not fire as rapidly as programmed, the controller firmware recalculates and adjusts the top firing temperature to compensate for the slower firing rate. This process more accurately fires to the cone number selected. At slower heating rates, cones deform at slightly lower temperatures. At faster heating rates, cones deform at slightly higher temperatures. This ability to recalculate and compensate to fire to a cone value is a unique, patented feature of all Orton Electronic Kiln Control Products.

The AutoFire® Kiln Controller provides three preprogrammed firing cycle programs for preset cone firing. These preprogrammed firing cycle programs and the corresponding preset cone fire programs follow:

<u>Program</u>	<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Typical Cone Value</u>	<u>Cone Range</u>
Lo Fire	Decal, Luster, and China Firings	Cone 019	022 - 011
Mid Fire	Glaze Firings	Cone 06	010 - 01
	Bisque and Earthenware Firings	Cone 04	010 - 01
Hi Fire	Stoneware and Porcelain Firings	Cone 6	1 - 12

The Test Firing

Completing a test firing with your new AutoFire® Kiln Controller will help you become familiar with the operation and features of the controller, as well as determine that the controller is performing as expected. Follow your kiln manufacturer's Instruction Manual for setting up your kiln and firing to properly break-in the kiln's heating elements.

For an AutoFire® Plus or Pro model, place a set of Orton Self-Supporting Cones on the middle shelf in your kiln so that they can be seen through the kiln peephole. If you have the AutoFire® UniTemp™ model controller, also place cones on the top and bottom shelves of kiln to examine temperature uniformity within your kiln. Use a series of cones close to the temperature that you plan to fire to during an actual firing. A three cone firing set-up is recommended, a Guide Cone, Firing Cone, and a Guard Cone. For example, if you were firing to a 1945°F (Cone 04), you would use a Cone 03, Cone 04, and a Cone 05, to do the test firings.

To evaluate heat distribution, place a set of witness cones on each shelf during the test firing. Most kilns fire more uniformly at Cone 6 than they do below Cone 06. With the UniTemp™, cones should bend similarly, no matter what the firing temperature.

Provide ventilation for the kiln in accordance with your kiln manual or Orton KilnVent® instruction manual.

If your kiln has limit switches, turn all switches to the "On" or "highest" position. Begin the firing, refer to page 7 of this manual for using preset cone programs.

After the firing, before opening the kiln to remove your cones, make sure the kiln has cooled sufficiently.

Examine the fired cones. Some variation in the bending of the cones may occur, depending on how the kiln was loaded. This includes the size of the load, its distribution on the shelves and the location of the cones. It is a good practice to use a witness cone in every firing. This provides a permanent record of the firing conditions in the kiln and can help you identify changes in the way your kiln is firing.

Test fire approximately every 25 firings. Test conditions should be consistent from firing to firing. Save the sets of witness cones as records of the firings. Review them periodically to note variations or drift in successive firings.

If thermocouple drift starts to occur, recheck the heat distribution. If one area of the kiln is much hotter or cooler than another, it may indicate that one or more heating elements need replaced.

If there is a major change in the amount of bending of the firing cone, the most likely cause is thermocouple damage or deterioration. Replace the thermocouple and retest. If replacing the thermocouple does not restore the performance to previous levels, the controller or kiln may require additional service.

The Cone Offset feature (see page 15) can be used to adjust the temperature of a cone firing to more closely match the bending of a cone.

QUICK REFERENCE SECTION

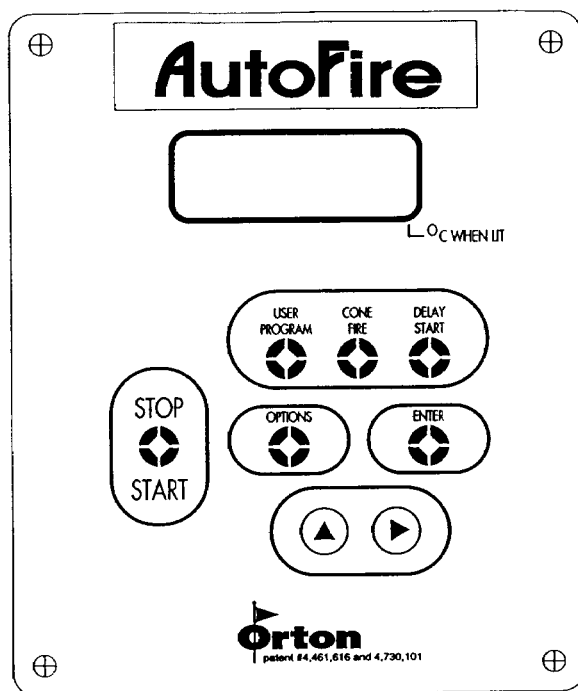
This *Quick Reference Section* is to help familiarize you with the most often used features of your AutoFire® Kiln Controller. Guides to Cone Firing, User Programs, Display References, and Alarm References are included. We recommend you read the entire User's Guide to become familiar with all the exciting benefits and features of your AutoFire®.

The Keypad

- Ergonomically designed 8-button Keypad
- High brightness 4-digit, 7-segment LED display
- Audible feedback
- Washable high-tech graphic panel

The eight buttons on the **AutoFire®** keypad provide the following functions:

ENTER	- load whatever is displayed into memory
START/STOP	- begin or end a firing
CONE FIRE	- select a cone number
USER PROGRAM	- input your own program
DELAY START	- input a time delay in minutes
OPTIONS	- access other features
ARROWS	- change the display



The AutoFire® may be ordered without Cone Fire programs, thus on some models, the keypad may not show the Cone Fire button. Those working in glass do not need Cone Fire programs, but will still benefit by the advanced features of the AutoFire®.

Cone Fire - using your controller for preset cone programs.

- The **Up Arrow ▲** increments the value 0 – 9, or scrolls through selections one at a time.
- The **Right Arrow ►** shifts editing digit to the right, or scrolls through selections one at a time.

The AutoFire® family of kiln controllers feature easy firing to any cone number.

Just follow these simple steps: (Controller temperature is displayed in °F)

<u>Step</u>	<u>Press</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Display</u>
1	CONE FIRE	Enters the Cone Fire mode. The "06" is the cone program name and the "1828" is the corresponding cone deformation temperature at a 108°F/hr ramp.	06, 1828
2	UP ARROW/ RIGHT ARROW	Scroll to the desired cone number. The desired preset cone program name and the corresponding cone deformation temperature at the 108°F/hr ramp will be alternatively displayed.	022, 1086 to 12, 2382
3	ENTER	Selects the desired cone number currently displayed. Hd, . 0 Then advances to Hold Time (Hd) and allows users to select up to 30 minutes of hold time at the end of Cone Fire program. If no hold time is desired then simply press [ENTER]. The controller returns to Idle mode.	
4	UP ARROW/ RIGHT ARROW	Scroll to the desired hold time. The default is 0 hold. (Hold times are in minutes)	0, 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30
5	ENTER	Selects the displayed hold time.	IdLE
<i>(At this point additional options can be selected, such as delay start, firing speed, or cone offset)</i>			
6	STOP/START	Starts the selected cone firing. The current kiln temperature is displayed during an active firing cycle.	XXXX, where XXXX is current temperature
7	-	When the active firing cycle is completed. The final temperature reached by the kiln will be alternately shown as CPLt in the display.	CPLt, Final Temperature
8	STOP/START	Acknowledges completion of the firing cycle and returns to IdLE mode. Also functions as Abort (Abrt) during a firing process.	IdLE Abrt

For more information on additional features and options, refer to the appropriate sections in this User's Guide.

Cone Fire Example

Fire to Cone 6, increase firing speed 20%, and add a 15-minute hold.

(controller temperature is displayed in °F)

Just follow these simple steps:

<u>Step</u>	<u>Press</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Display</u>
1	CONE FIRE	Enters the Cone Fire mode.	06, 1828
2	UP ARROW	(Press UP ARROW 11 times) Scrolls to display of 6 (Cone Number).	6, 2231
3	ENTER	Selects cone number 6.	Hd, . 0
4	UP ARROW	(Press UP ARROW 3 times) Scroll to display of 15 (Hold Time).	Hd, . 15
5	ENTER	Selects the displayed hold time.	IdLE
6	OPTIONS	Selects options menu.	SPd
7	ENTER	Selects SPd (speed) option (default is standard)	Std
8	RIGHT ARROW	(Press RIGHT ARROW 2 times) Scroll to display of F 20 (Speed)	F 20
9	ENTER	Selects 20% firing speed increase	SPd
10	UP ARROW	Scroll to display of rEtn	rEtn
11	ENTER	Returns to IdLE mode	IdLE
12	STOP/ START	Starts the selected cone firing.	0074, (current kiln temperature)

Note! The actual kiln temperature is displayed during an active firing cycle.

13		When the active firing cycle is completed. The final temperature reached by the kiln will be alternately displayed with the CPLt display.	CPLt, Final Temperature
14	STOP/START	Acknowledges completion of the completed firing cycle and returns to IdLE mode. Also functions as the Abort (Abrt) during a firing process.	IdLE Abrt

USER Program - using your controller for custom firing programs.

- The **Up Arrow ▲** increments the value 0 – 9, or scrolls through selections one at a time.
- The **Right Arrow ►** shifts editing digit to the right, or scrolls through selections one at a time.

The AutoFire® family of kiln controllers feature *10 segment* user programs for custom firing profiles. Just follow these simple steps: (controller temperature is displayed in °F)

<u>Step</u>	<u>Press</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Display</u>
1	USER PROGRAM	Enters the User Program mode. Allows the entering of a 'New ' program, or editing of an existing one.	Usr # (where # is a value of 1, 2, 3, or 4)
2	UP/RIGHT ARROWS	Scroll to the desired User Program.	USr1, 2, 3, or 4
3	ENTER	Selects the desired User Program. Displays the first program segment name, Ramp 1	rA 1, xxxx - where xxxx is the ramp rate
4	RIGHT ARROW	Selects the digit to be modified. The selected digit will flash.	<u>xxxx</u>
5	UP ARROW	Scroll the selected digit to the desired value.	0xxx
6	-	Repeat steps 4 & 5 till desired value is displayed	0360- ramp of 360°/hr
7	ENTER	Stores the new value and displays the next program segment name, Dwell Temperature (°F 1 or °C 1)	°F 1 , xxxx - where xxxx is dwell Temp.
8	RIGHT ARROW	Selects the digit to be modified. The selected digit flashes	<u>xxxx</u>
9	UP ARROW	Scroll the selected digit to the desired value.	1xxx
10	-	Repeat steps 8 & 9 till desired value is displayed	1032 - dwell temp. of 1032°F
11	ENTER	Stores the new value and displays the third program segment name, Dwell Time 1 (Hd 1).	Hd 1, 0.000
12	RIGHT ARROW	Selects the digit to be modified. The selected digit will flash.	<u>0.000</u>
13	UP ARROW	Scroll the selected digit to the desired value.	0.120 (2 hour hold)
14	-	Repeat steps 11 & 12 till desired value is displayed	
15	ENTER	Stores new value and displays the next program ramp segment. Skip to Step #17 if no more ramps are desired.	rA 2, 0000
16	<i>Repeat Steps 4-14 for each ramp, dwell temperature, and dwell time desired.</i>		
17	STOP/START	Acknowledges completion of the completed program and stores the current program into memory.	IdLE
18	STOP/START	Starts the current user program just entered	xxxx – (current kiln temperature)
19	STOP/START	Aborts firing cycle, if necessary during firing Or acknowledges completion of the firing cycle and returns to the main display.	Abrt IdLE

Using a Pre-Programmed USER Program:

After you have stored a custom user program, the controller retains the program in memory for easy recall later. You may select and run any of the pre-programmed user programs in 4 easy steps.

While the controller is in **IdLE** mode:

1. Press USER PROGRAM
2. Use the RIGHT ARROW to scroll through the four user programs
3. Press USER PROGRAM again to select the desired user program
4. Press STOP/START to start the program.

Before pressing STOP/START you may press the DELAY START to select a delay time in minutes. Then pressing STOP/START will start the count down to the start of the firing by displaying d.ELA and the remaining time of delay. At the end of the delay, the controller will automatically start the selected user program.

To review a program without the worry of erasing or deleting any program steps, use the Program Review Mode. The Program Review Mode under Level One options (refer to page 14) allows for reviewing your user program without affecting the program entries.

Editing a Pre-Programmed User Program:

Once a user program is stored, it is easy to make a change to the program. Refer to page 9 of this manual (User Program - using your controller for custom firing programs) for details on how to enter a program.

NOTE! You will need to go through the complete program before pressing STOP/START to re-save the program, or you will delete part of your program.

In each program segment that does not need changed, you simply press ENTER to advance to the next segment. When you get to a segment that needs modified, use the arrow keys to edit the value and then ENTER to select it and advance to the next program segment. If you previously had a 4-ramp program, be sure that you step through all 4 ramps again until you get to a new ramp segment (rA 5 for this example) before exiting by pressing STOP/START. It is this easy to make a change to an existing program.

Included in this manual, Appendix A, is a reproducible User Program chart used to help record custom firing programs. This chart can be used prior to entering a program into the controller to provide a visual copy of each program sequence.

Display Reference

The following is a reference guide to the various messages that may be displayed while using your AutoFire® Kiln Controller:

<u>Display</u>	<u>Meaning</u>
Abrt	Active Firing Cycle Aborted
ALnG	<i>Factory Use Only</i>
ALAr	Kiln Temperature Threshold Alarm (user adjustable)
bAdP	Invalid step in User Program
CHG-	Change Temperature Units, °F or °C
CPLt	Firing Cycle Complete (final temperature reached will alternately be displayed)
CtBL	Cone Table - list of Cone Numbers and their bending temperatures (see Appendix B)
d.ELA	Delay mode (will alternately display the remaining minutes before start of firing)
°F #	Dwell Temperature °F (#: 1-10) - set temperature for controller to ramp to
°C #	Dwell Temperature °C (#: 1-10) - set temperature for controller to ramp to
dIFF	Temperature Difference between two thermocouples (UniTemp™ Models Only)
ELEC	Display Electronics Temperature
Hd #	Soak Time in minutes (#: 1-10) – set time for controller to hold temperature
HI F	Hi Fire (display used when reviewing program during a cone firing)
Id	Specify RS-485 Controller Identification Node (number)
IdLE	Controller in Idle mode (ready to program or to start a firing)
Lo	Program Lock 'On' (Cone Fire and User Program cannot be modified)
Lo F	Lo Fire (display used when reviewing program during a cone firing)
LoUn	Program Lock Mode (use to secure program settings from being changed)
≡IdF	Mid Fire (display used when reviewing program during a cone firing)
≡odl	Display Model Number (i.e. 0000 = Plus, 0003 = UniTemp™)
nnnn	<i>Factory Use Only</i>
oFSt	Cone Offset, allows for adjusting display temperature to match witness cones
P1	Bad Firing, thermocouple opened just prior to loosing power
P2	Temperature Invalid Prior To Power Loss (greater then 200°)
P3	Power Loss Too Long (greater then 60 minutes)
ProG	Program Review (use to review active firing program Cone fire or User Program)
rA #	Ramp (#: 1-10) (rate per hour of temperature increase/decrease)
rHEo	Middle Zone Rheostat adjustment (UniTemp™ Models Only)
rEL	Relays 1,2, or 3 (UniTemp™ Models Only)
Ser	Display Serial Number
SoFt	Display Software Version
Spd	Firing Speed (Std or ± 40%)
SStP	Skip Step (used to advance to next dwell, ramp, or hold)
tEdE	Temperature Deviation (default 100° corresponding alarm is FtH, FtC, HtdE, LtdE)
rEtn	Return
tC	Select Thermocouple Type K, N, or S
tCnt	<i>Factory Use Only</i>
0--1	Display Temperatures of both thermocouples (UniTemp™ Models Only)
Un	Program Lock 'Off', all programs and parameters can be modified
Usr#	User Program (#: 1-4)

For more information on features and options, refer to the appropriate sections later in this User's Guide.

Alarm Reference

The following is a reference guide to the alarm conditions that may be encountered while using your AutoFire® Kiln Controller (refer to page 20).

[Audible Alarm Only]

<u>Display</u>	<u>Meaning</u>
ALAr	Kiln Threshold Temperature reached threshold temperature alarm set by user
FtH	Fail to Heat - kiln unable to heat at program ramp - temperature is below set-point by deviation amount*
FtC	Fail to Cool - kiln unable to cool at program ramp - temperature is above set-point by deviation amount*
HtdE	High Temperature Deviation - kiln above set-point by deviation amount*
LtdE	Low Temperature Deviation - kiln below set-point by deviation amount*
LBAI	Low Battery
tC 0	Top Thermocouple has failed during firing (UniTemp™ Models Only)
tC 1	Bottom Thermocouple has failed during firing (UniTemp™ Models Only)
tCdE	Thermocouple Deviation Alarm - Factory Set for $\geq 60^{\circ}\text{C}$ (UniTemp™ Models Only)

*temperature deviation alarms occur when the kiln temperature differs from the set-point temperature by the alarm value. Typically, this is factory set at 100°F (56°C). It is changed through Options (see page 17)

[Terminating Alarms]

<u>Display</u>	<u>Meaning</u>
FtL	Firing Too Long - kiln not increasing in temperature. <i>Temperature increasing at less than 15°C/hr AND the firing time is 4 hours longer than the program segment</i>
EtH	Electronics Too Hot – electronics temperature exceeds 85 °C
FAIL	Open Thermocouple – thermocouple(s) has failed (opened)
tC01	Both Thermocouples are 'open' in IdLE mode (UniTemp™ Models Only)
PLOG	Diagnostic tests to determine if controller operating properly
0001	Incorrect Initialization Sequence
0002	A/D Communication Error
0003	A/D Communication Error
0004	Serial Transmit Buffer Overflow
0005	Temperature Conversion Error
0006	Corrupted Configuration Information
0007	Corrupted Factory Configuration Information
0008	PWM Power Watchdog Timeout
0009	Unexpected Reset (Watchdog)
0010	DS1302 error
0011	M24LC04 EEPROM reset error
0012	M24LC04 EEPROM write error
0013	M24LC04 EEPROM read error
0014	PSD312 RAM test failure
0015	PSD312 OTP ROM checksum failure
0016	DS1302 oscillator error (problem with DS1302 or 32.768KHz crystal)
0017	A/D communication error
0018	Analog inputs too noisy as detected by software filter
0128-0255	Special Error codes, consult Orton

OPTIONS AVAILABLE

There are two levels of options available through the OPTIONS key. These enable the user to access additional firing features. **Level 1** contains more frequently used options. These can be entered during either the idle mode (indicated by display flashing IdLE) or during an active firing cycle. Level 2 options are not used as often (these are described beginning on page 17). Not all options are available during a firing.

Level 1 Options

<u>Display</u>	<u>Option</u>	<u>Meaning</u>
Spd	[Speed]	<i>Slows down or speeds up firing for cone programs</i>
ProG	[Program Review]	<i>Review selected program before or during a firing</i>
oFSt	[Cone Offset]	<i>Adjusts firing temperature to match witness cones</i>
CtbL	[Cone Table]	<i>List of cone bending temperatures used in CONE FIRE</i>
ALAr	[Kiln Threshold Temperature]	<i>Sets an alarm to sound when controller reaches the set point temperature and displays ALAr</i>
FAn*	[Vent Fan]	<i>Sets the Vent Fan (*if enabled on controller) to on or off</i>
dIFF	[Temperature Difference]	<i>Displays the temperature difference between top and bottom thermocouples (UniTemp™ only)</i>
rEtn	[Return]	<i>Returns to idle or run mode</i>

** if enabled on controller and kiln wired for vent fan control*

To enter the **Level 1 Options** follow these steps:

<u>Step</u>	<u>Press</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Display</u>
1	OPTIONS	Enters the Level 1 Options mode. The first option is displayed.	SPd
2	UP ARROW/ RIGHT ARROW	Scroll through available Level 1 options	xxxx
3	ENTER	Enables editing of currently displayed option	xxxx
4	UP ARROW/ RIGHT ARROW	View parameter(s) for selected option	xxxx
5	ENTER	To exit viewing/editing of current parameters	xxxx

Repeat steps 2 – 5 to continue viewing/editing options

Where xxxx, is one of many options available, refer to pages 13 and 17 of this manual.

Controller will automatically return to IdLE or run mode after 20 seconds of inactivity IdLE

SPd - Firing Speed**Default Setting: Std**

The **SPd** feature adjusts how fast the kiln fires to compensate for the load in the kiln. Adjustments are made to the normal firing programs (refer to pg. 25 - Preset Cone Firing Programs). Slow settings can be used for heavy loads and the fast settings for light loads. Speed is applied only to increasing ramps and not to dwells (soaks). Speed does not apply to the last ramp of a cone firing. Firing Speed can only be modified during program setup, not during an active firing cycle. The Firing Speed choices are given below:

<u>Display</u>	<u>Description</u>
Std	Standard cone firing program
S 10	Slow; increase firing time by 10%; decrease firing rate by 10%
S 20	Slow; increase firing time by 20%; decrease firing rate by 20%
S 30	Slow; increase firing time by 30%; decrease firing rate by 30%
S 40	Slow; increase firing time by 40%; decrease firing rate by 40%
F 10	Fast; decrease firing time by 10%; increase firing rate by 10%
F 20	Fast; decrease firing time by 20%; increase firing rate by 20%
F 30	Fast; decrease firing time by 30%; increase firing rate by 30%
F 40	Fast; decrease firing time by 40%; increase firing rate by 40%

NOTE: The Firing Speed adjustment is a permanent change to be applied to all future firings unless reset by user. This setting does not automatically reset itself. This feature is different from the earlier versions (prior to 0030), where Firing Speed Adjustments were reset to Standard after each firing.

ProG - Program Review

The **ProG** feature enables the user to review the current firing cycle of a preset cone program or a user program. The user cannot change the program while in this option. When selected, the option defaults to the current program segment.

For preset cone programs, Program Review alternately displays the preset cone number and the corresponding cone deformation temperature at the 108°F/hr rate (60°C/hr).

SStP - Skip Step

The **SStP** feature allows the user to end a hold or a ramp during an active firing cycle and skip to the next step. This is useful if a user wants to watch the firing to visually decide when to make a change, such as when glass is slumped. The Skip Step option applies to User programs only and not to the preset cone programs.

If the current step is a ramp then it will skip to the next dwell step and dwell at the current temperature (rather than the programmed dwell temperature) for the programmed dwell time.

If the current step is a dwell then it will skip to the next ramp step.

If the current step is a ramp recovery step (after power loss, recovering to the prior dwell temperature), then it will skip to the next dwell step and dwell at the current temperature for the remainder of the unfinished dwell time.

oFSt - Cone Offset**Default Setting: 0°C, 0°F**

The **oFSt** feature enables the user to adjust or calibrate the preset cone programs, without changing to a different cone number. This is useful when the kiln does not properly bend the desired witness cone. This is common when using Type K thermocouples that drift with repeated firings. It is common for the kiln to be hotter than shown on the display. This feature may also be useful to compensate for the location and condition of the thermocouple.

The Cone Offset or calibration feature allows the operator to specify a different temperature offset for each the three preset cone programs. This may be necessary since the same offset needed for a low temperature firing may not work for a higher temperature firing. The offset is applied to the appropriate preset cone programs, not to user programs.

The user must first select the preset cone program (Lo Fire, Mid Fire, or Hi Fire) by selecting a Cone Number before assigning a Cone Offset.

Cone Offset is then selected from the following list:

<u>Setting (°F)</u>	<u>Setting (°C)</u>	<u>Description</u>
0 F	0 C	No adjustment in heatwork
5 F	3 C	Increases heatwork
10 F	6 C	Increases heatwork
15 F	8 C	Increases heatwork
20 F	11 C	Increases heatwork
-6 F	-3 C	Decreases heatwork
-13 F	-7 C	Decreases heatwork
-26 F	-14 C	Decreases heatwork
-38 F	-21 C	Decreases heatwork

The Cone Offset adjustment is a permanent change to be applied to all future firings when the preset cone program (Lo Fire, Mid Fire, or Hi Fire) is selected. The value is saved in memory. Each preset cone program can have its own unique Cone Offset.

CtbL - Cone Table**Default Setting: 06**

The **CtbL** (Cone Table) feature allows the user to determine the deformation temperature corresponding to a selected cone number. Deformation temperatures are for a 60°C/hour (108°F/hour) rate. The default is cone 06. It is changed using the arrow keys.

ALAr - Kiln Temperature Threshold Alarm**Default Setting: 32°F or 0°C (disabled)**

The **ALAr** feature enables the user to specify a kiln temperature at which an alarm will be sounded and displayed. The alarm occurs when the kiln temperature is equal to or greater than the programmed kiln threshold temperature. It remains active until the user acknowledges the alarm by pressing the ENTER key. The alarm is disabled when 0000 is set in the display.

FAn - Vent Fan Operation

The **FAn** feature is enabled by the factory, and is only available when the controller has been pre-wired to permit a kiln vent to be turned on or off as part of the firing cycle. There are five modes of operation:

- Off** – fan is always off during firing
- On** – fan is always on during the firing
- OptA** – fan is on at 100 °F and off at 1450 °F during heating
fan on at 1000 °F and off at 300 °F during cooling
- OptB** – fan on when 100 °F reached during heating and
off when 300 °F reached during cooling
- Fn #** – 4th segment of a USER program where vent fan is set for on or off

For more information on how to program and use the vent fan feature, see Appendix D

dIFF - Temperature Differential
(UniTemp™ Model Only)

The **dIFF** feature enables the user to display the temperature difference between the top thermocouple and the bottom thermocouple used with AutoFire® UniTemp™ Models. This feature is useful in determining temperature uniformity within a kiln during a firing.

rEtn - Return

The **rEtn** (Return) feature is used to exit the options mode and return to the IdLE or run display.

Level 2 Options

Level 2 Options provide the user with access to many additional and useful features of the controller. Most users will not use these options very often, if ever. **Level 2 Options** are accessed through the **OPTIONS** key, either when the controller is in Idle mode, or during an active firing cycle. UniTemp™ options are only available for their respective models and will not be displayed on a Plus or Pro model.

Level 2 Options include the following:

<u>Display</u>	<u>Option</u>	<u>Meaning</u>
CHG-	[Change Temperature Units]	<i>Change temperature units from °F or °C</i>
tC	[Select Thermocouple Type]	<i>Select a different thermocouple type (Type K, N, S)</i>
Id	[Specify RS-485 Node ID]	<i>Assign an number from 0 to 15 to the controller</i>
tEdE	[Specify Alarm Value]	<i>Select temperature deviation for FtH, FtC, LtdE and HtdE alarms</i>
rEL	[Specify Number of Relays]	<i>Input the number of relays for UniTemp™ controller</i>
rHEo	[Specify Middle Rheostat]	<i>Adjust power to middle zone of UniTemp™ controller</i>
0--1	[Thermocouple Temperatures]	<i>Displays top and bottom thermocouple temperatures with a UniTemp™ controller</i>
AInG	[Diagnostic Tool]	<i>Factory Use only</i>
tCnt	[Diagnostic Tool]	<i>Factory Use only</i>
nnnn	[Diagnostic Tool]	<i>Factory Use Only</i>
ELEC	[Electronics Temperature]	<i>Displays temperature of the electronics</i>
LoUn	[Program Lock]	<i>Lock or Unlock the current program.</i>
=odl	[Display Model Number]	<i>Displays the controller model number</i>
SoFt	[Display Software Version]	<i>Displays the version of the control software</i>
Ser	[Display Serial Number]	<i>Displays the serial number of the controller</i>
rEtn	[Return]	<i>Return to idle or run mode</i>

To enter the **Level 2 Options** mode follow these steps:

<u>Step</u>	<u>Press</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Display</u>
1	OPTIONS	Enters the Basic Options mode.	SPd
2	UP ARROW	Scroll to the Return (rEtn) Option.	rEtn
3	OPTIONS	Enters the Level Two Options mode. The first option is displayed.	CHG-
4	UP ARROW/ RIGHT ARROW	Scroll through available Level Two options	xxxx
5	ENTER	Enables editing of currently displayed option	xxxx
6	UP ARROW/ RIGHT ARROW	View parameter(s) for selected option	xxxx
7	ENTER	To exit viewing/editing of current parameters	xxxx
Repeat steps 4 – 7 to continue viewing/editing options			

Controller automatically returns to IdLE or run mode after 20 seconds of inactivity IdLE

CHG- - Change Temperature Units

Default Setting: °F

The **CHG-** feature enables the user to change the temperature units between degrees Fahrenheit (°F) and degrees Centigrade (°C). The selected setting is saved in memory. When °C is selected, the right-most decimal point on the display is lit.

tC - Select Thermocouple Type**Default Setting: Type "S"**

The **tC** feature enables the user to select from type "K", "N", or "S" thermocouples. The controller uses this information to apply the correct thermocouple calibration information to the millivolt signal received from the thermocouple. The factory default thermocouple type is type "S" in order to keep kiln from overheating if electronics are reset to factory default settings. The selected type is saved in memory.

Id - Specify RS-485 Node Identification**Default Setting: 0**

The **Id** feature is used to specify the kiln controller node for recognition by the computer. This is an identification number from 0 to 15, when the controller is one of up to 16 controllers in a network connected to a personal computer using Orton's *ControlMaster™* software product. For more information about *ControlMaster™*, refer to the section on Remote Control and Monitoring. The factory default RS-485 node identification is 0. The selected setting is saved in memory. If multiple kilns are used in a system, only the last controller in the network should have jumper JPR1 installed, all other controllers should have it removed.

tEdE - Specify Alarm Value**Default Setting: 100°F (56°C)**

The **tEdE** feature enables the user to select a temperature deviation value at which an audible and visual alarm will occur. The temperature deviation applies to the following alarms - FtH, FtC, LtdE and HtdE. When active, the alarm displays the type of deviation and sounds the buzzer once every 10 seconds. The display alternates with the actual kiln temperature. This alarm can be turned off by placing all zeros in display.

rEL - Specify Number of Relays**Default Setting: 3****(UniTemp™ Model Only)**

The **rEL** feature allows the user to specify the number of relays that will be used with AutoFire® UniTemp™ Models. The controller uses this information to control up to 3 independent heating zones. The specified value is saved in memory. Uniformity control is disabled when only 1 relay is selected.

0--1 - Display Temperature of Both Thermocouples**(UniTemp™ Model Only)**

The **0--1** feature is used to display the temperature of the top thermocouple (tC 0) and the bottom thermocouple (tC 1) when two thermocouples are used with UniTemp™ Models. This feature allows temperature uniformity to be evaluated during a firing.

tC0 and tC1 alternate with one another and will default back to current firing temperature in approximately 20 seconds.

AlnG - Diagnostic Tool**(Factory Use Only)****tCnt - Diagnostic Tool****(Factory Use Only)****nnnn - Diagnostic Tool****(Factory Use Only)****ELEC - Display electronics temperature****Diagnostic Tool**

The **ELEC** feature displays the electronics temperature of the AutoFire® Plus/Pro or AutoFire® UniTemp™ Kiln Controller. This feature is useful in monitoring the electronics temperature in severe environments or if needed by factory technicians, kiln manufacturers, or kiln service technicians.

LoUn - Program Lock Mode**Default Setting: Un (off)**

The **LoUn** feature allows either a user program or a preset cone fire program to be locked into memory and to disable program editing from the front panel. This feature is useful when only one particular program is used over and over, and multiple people may be firing the kiln. When the program lock is set to 'Lo', only a delay start can be selected, all other options can only be viewed, not changed. This feature is best used in a school or contemporary studio where control of programming is needed. Refer to Appendix G to implement this feature. The information on this page can be separated from the manual, if desired.

≡odl - Display Model Number**Diagnostic Tool**

The **≡odl** feature displays the model number of the AutoFire®. 0000 is a Plus model, 0001 is a Pro model, and 0003 for a UniTemp™ model. When provided to factory technicians, kiln manufacturers, or kiln service technicians, this information helps answer questions about features, operation or performance of your AutoFire® Plus/Pro or AutoFire® UniTemp™ Kiln Controller.

SoFt - Display Software Version**Diagnostic Tool**

The **SoFt** feature displays the software version of the AutoFire® Plus/Pro or AutoFire® UniTemp™ Kiln Controller. When provided to factory technicians, kiln manufacturers, or kiln service technicians, this information helps answer any questions about features, operation, or performance of your AutoFire® Plus/Pro or AutoFire® UniTemp™ Kiln Controller.

rEtn - Return

The **rEtn** feature allows the user to exit Level 1 or Level 2 Options and return to the IdLE or the run state.

To return to the IdLE or run state, follow these steps:

<u>Step</u>	<u>Press</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Display</u>
1	UP ARROW/ RIGHT ARROW	Scroll to the Return (rEtn) option.	rEtn
2	ENTER	Returns to the main display.	IdLE

ALARM DESCRIPTIONS

The AutoFire® Kiln Controller Family includes a full alarm capability.

Temperature Deviation Alarms

- FtH, FtC, LtdE, HtdE, tCdE, FtL

Temperature Deviation Alarms apply to both preset cone programs and user programs. These alarms occur when the measured kiln temperature differs from the controller set-point temperature by more than the alarm value. This deviation is typically factory-set at 100°F (56°C). It does not apply to tCdE or FtL. It is changed through Options (Level 2 - tEdE).

FtH - Failure To Heat

The alarm is caused by a temperature deviation during a ramp-up segment. This alarm occurs due to the difference between the controller set-point temperature and the measured kiln temperature.

FtC - Failure To Cool

The Failure to Cool alarm is activated if the measured cooling rate is greater than the programmed rate by the amount of the alarm difference.

LtdE - Low Temperature

The temperature deviation alarm occurs due to a low temperature deviation during a ramp-down or in a dwell segment.

HtdE - High Temperature

The temperature deviation alarm occurs due to a high temperature deviation during a ramp-up or a dwell segment.

tCdE - TC Deviation Alarm (UniTemp™ Models Only)

A temperature deviation alarm which occurs when the deviation between the top and bottom thermocouples is equal to or greater than 60°C (108°F).

FtL - Firing Too Long

The Firing Too Long Alarm occurs when the measured heating rate is less than 15 °C/hr AND the actual firing time is at least 4 hours longer than the programmed time for the segment. When this occurs, the firing is aborted and "FtL" is shown on the display. Under these conditions, it is unlikely the kiln will reach its programmed temperature so the firing is stopped. The Firing Too Long alarm applies to both preset cone programs and user programs.

Temperature Alarms

- ALAr, FAIL, - - - -, tC0, tC1

Temperature Alarms apply to both preset cone programs and user programs.

ALAr - Kiln Temperature Threshold

The Kiln Temperature Threshold Alarm occurs when the kiln temperature is equal to or greater than kiln temperature threshold value that is specified. When this condition is detected, the controller sounds an audible alarm and alternately indicates ALAR and the current kiln temperature on the display. The alarm remains active until the user acknowledges the alarm by pressing [ENTER]. The Kiln Temperature Threshold Alarm applies to both preset cone programs and user programs.

FAIL -Open Thermocouple

The Open Thermocouple Alarm is activated when an open thermocouple is detected. When this condition is detected during an active firing cycle, the controller aborts the firing cycle and indicates "FAIL" on the display. The controller is not capable of starting a firing cycle if an open thermocouple condition exists. The Open Thermocouple Alarm applies to both preset cone programs and user programs.

- - - - -Open Thermocouple

The Open Thermocouple Alarm (four dashes) is activated when an open thermocouple is detected during initial power-on of controller, or in Idle mode. The controller is not capable of starting a firing cycle if an open thermocouple condition exists. The Open Thermocouple Alarm applies regardless of using preset cone programs or user programs.

tC0, tC1 - Open Thermocouple (UniTemp™ Models Only)

The Open Thermocouple Alarm is activated when an open thermocouple is detected. When this condition is detected during an active firing cycle, the controller continues the firing cycle and indicates "tC#" on the display to indicate the failed thermocouple. The Open Thermocouple Alarm applies to both preset cone programs and user programs. A UniTemp™ controller can operate on one thermocouple during an active firing.

Electronic Hardware Alarms**- EtH, LBAt, PLoG**

The Electronic Hardware Alarms apply to both preset cone programs and user programs.

EtH - Electronics Temperature Threshold

The Electronics Temperature Threshold Alarm is activated when the electronics temperature is greater than or equal to the factory specified electronics temperature threshold (85°C). When this condition is detected during an active firing cycle, the controller aborts the firing cycle and indicates "EtH" on the display. The controller is not capable of starting a firing cycle if an Electronics Temperature Threshold condition exists.

LBAt - Low Battery

The Low Battery Alarm is activated only if a power loss occurred during the previous firing cycle and the battery voltage is actually low. In this case, the controller aborts the (resumed) firing cycle and indicates "LBAT" for low battery. The only time that the battery is used for the electronics is to determine whether or not to resume a firing cycle that was in progress when a power loss occurred. Thus, as long as the controller is performing firing cycles without power losses, then there is no indication as to the state of the battery. If a Low Battery Alarm is activated, contact your factory technician, kiln manufacturer, or kiln service technician for replacement.

Hardware Embedded Self Diagnostics Error**- PLoG, 0000-0018, and 0128-0255**

The electronics contain a series of self-diagnostic error alarms that are activated when the microcontroller fails the self-diagnostics test performed during controller power-up or during actual controller operation. When an error condition is detected, the microcontroller stores the error in memory and resets the microprocessor. Each time the microprocessor is reset, it first checks if an error has been stored, and if so, alternately indicates PLoG and the error number on the display. Those errors that occur and cannot be stored to memory are reported as PLoG 0128-0255. For those PLoG's that have a value of 0128 to 0255, subtract the Plog number from 128 and apply to current list. To clear or reset a Plog alarm refer to page 22.

PloG Error Codes

<u>Display</u>	<u>Meaning</u>	<u>Display</u>	<u>Meaning</u>
0001	Incorrect Initialization Sequence	0010	DS1302 error
0002	A/D Communication Error	0011	M24LC04 EEPROM reset error
0003	A/D Communication Error	0012	M24LC04 EEPROM write error
0004	Serial Transmit Buffer Overflow	0013	M24LC04 EEPROM read error
0005	Temperature Conversion Error	0014	PSD312 RAM test failure
0006	Corrupted Configuration Information	0015	PSD312 OTP ROM checksum failure
0007	Corrupted Factory Configuration	0016	DS1302 oscillator error
0008	PWM Power Watchdog Timeout	0017	A/D communication error
0009	Unexpected Reset (Watchdog)	0018	Analog inputs too noisy as detected by software filter

When a PLOG error message is displayed, the controller is inoperable. The normal way to clear the PLOG error is to push the ENTER key. If this does not clear the error condition then the controller requires a special two-button reset. Perform the “Reset Parameters to Factory Default” sequence explained below to clear a PLOG error message that is not be cleared by simply pressing ENTER to acknowledge the error code.

CAUTION: Resetting all parameters to factory default setting may change current controller configurations, so these will have to be reset by the user through Level 2 Options. It is important to be sure that Thermocouple Type is correct, especially if a Type S platinum thermocouple is being used. (Version 0030 and below defaults to Type K thermocouple. Version 0031 and above defaults to Type S thermocouple)

Reset Parameters to Factory Default

1. Turn off power to the AutoFire® Controller. (*When turned off, the controller will have no display*).
2. Press [Stop/Start] and [Options] simultaneously while then turning on power to the controller. Keep the keys pressed until the audible beep turns off, then release both keys.
3. Check to see that controller is in the Idle mode and is alternating Idle with current kiln temperature.
4. After resetting the controller, some parameters may need to be reset manually to match the desired kiln configuration. Here is a list of defaults of the controller after a two-button reset:

<u>Parameter:</u>	<u>Default:</u>	<u>Possible Action:</u>
RS485 Node Id:	0	Set from 0 to 15
TC Type:	S (version 31 and higher)	Set to K or N
Temperature Units:	Fahrenheit (°F)	Set to °C
Number of Relays:	3 For UniTemp™ Model	Verify set to 3 **

Use Level 2 Options to check or reset these values:

5. Re-enter any User Programs that might have been stored in memory prior to the two-button reset.
6. The AutoFire® Kiln Controller is now ready to use again.

If you find that 2 or 3 attempts of resetting the Plog error message does not correct the error code, then contact Orton. Immediate redisplay of Plog messages may indicate a component failure and unit will need to be shipped to the factory for repair.

**** NOTE: UniTemp™ controllers with firmware earlier than 0031 need the number of relays reset to 3. If not, the controller will cycle all relays at the same time and kiln will not have uniform temperature priority. Refer to Level 2 Options to view version number of your controller if you are unsure.**

POWER INTERRUPTION RECOVERY

The AutoFire® Kiln Controller activates a Power Recovery feature when electric power to the controller has been interrupted. The controller stores time and temperatures so it can determine the length of a power outage. The Power Recovery feature works in the following way:

If the time is greater than one hour or the temperature drop is greater than 255°F, the controller terminates the previous firing cycle and displays an error in the display (described below). If the difference between the final programmed temperature and the last measured temperature is less than 100°F and the difference between the last measured temperature and the current kiln temperature is greater than 100°F then the temperature drop is considered to be too large at this stage of the firing so the controller terminates the firing cycle. Otherwise, the controller compares the current temperature with the last measured temperature (prior to power loss) and resumes the previous firing cycle as described below.

- A new set point temperature is established from the current kiln temperature.
- If the controller is to resume program operation of a ramp, the controller continues the ramp at the rate as programmed.
- If the controller is to resume program operation of a dwell, the controller ramps the temperature at the programmed rate used to achieve that dwell temperature. Dwell time is not advanced during this recovery ramp. When the dwell temperature is achieved, the dwell time is resumed.

See Flow Chart of Power Interruption Recovery on Next Page

Power Loss Error Messages

P1

If the difference between the previous valid temperature and the current kiln temperature is greater than 255°F (142°C) then the controller terminates the firing cycle and displays the error code '**P1**' in the display. To acknowledge the error code, simply press 'STOP/START' to get back to IdLE mode.

P2

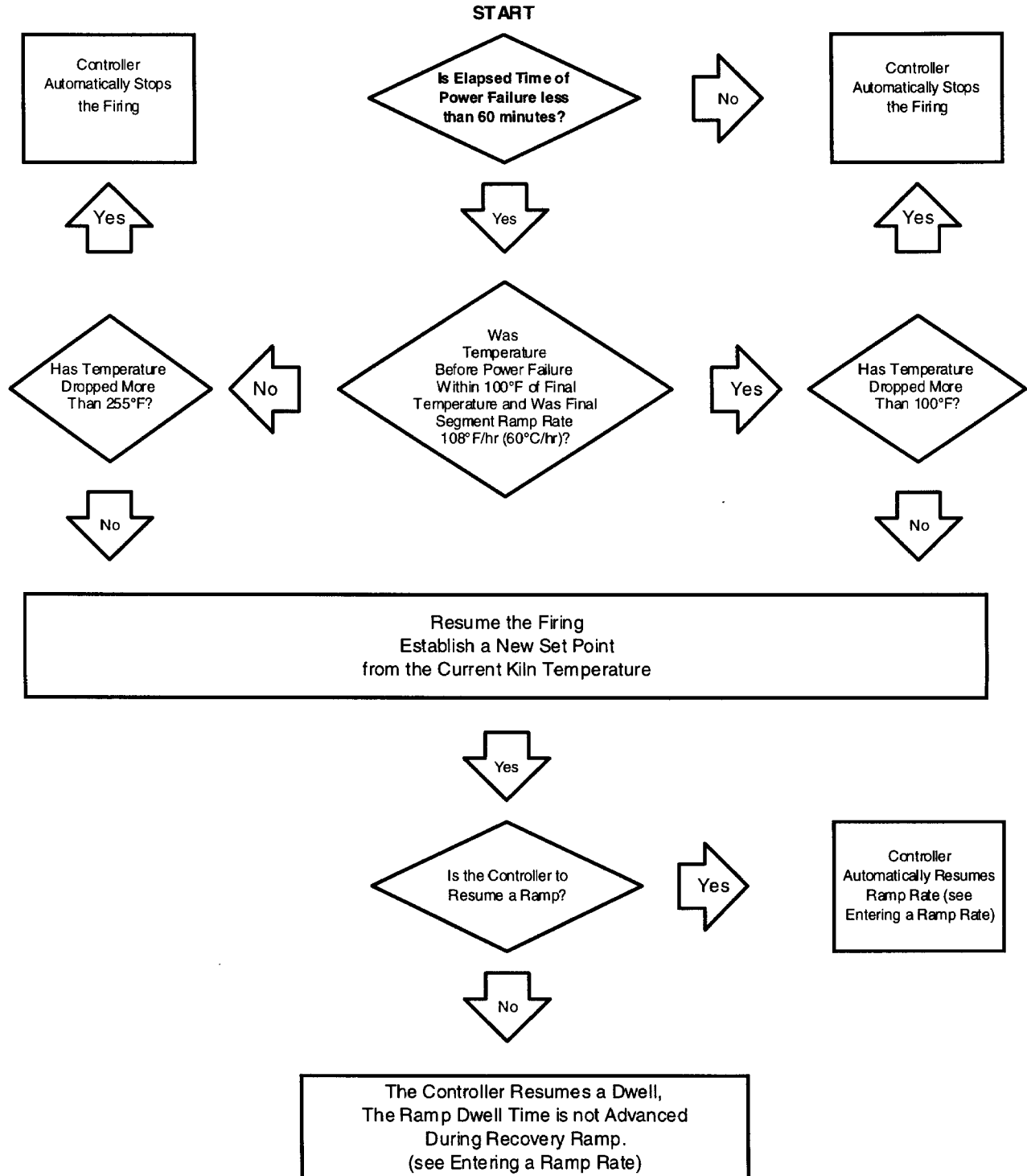
If the thermocouple failed just prior to the power loss, the controller will display the error code '**P2**'. If once the error code is acknowledged by pressing 'STOP/START' the display should show 'IdLE' and current kiln temperature alternately. But for an open thermocouple the temperature would be replaced with four dashes '- - - -' because a valid temperature would not register.

P3

If the duration of time since previous valid temperature is greater than 60 minutes then the controller terminates the firing cycle and displays the error code '**P3**' in the display. To acknowledge the error code, simply press "STOP/START" to get back to IdLE mode.

Power Interruption Recovery

The flow diagram below shows how the software decides whether to restart kiln after a power interruption. If the firing was near completion or the temperature fell too much during the outage, then the firing will terminate.



PRESET CONE FIRE PROGRAMS

Lo Fire

Decals or lusters are normally applied following the second or third firing. They add to the final beauty and value of the object. These firings are done at low temperatures, around Cone 019, and normally produce a distinct odor. Firings can be made relatively fast. The presence of oxygen throughout the firing is essential. Good ventilation of the kiln is also necessary, as oils and other organic materials are burned off. Some decals, lusters, and gold have a limited firing range. If too large of a temperature distribution exists inside the kiln, the firing capacity or load placement must be altered or limited.

The preset firing program for Lo Fire is shown below. The standard firing time is about 3 hours, 20 minutes depending on load and other variables.

540 °F/hour (300°C/hr) for about 2 hours
108 °F/hour (60°C/hr) for about 1 hour, 20 minutes

The firing speed based on load size adjustment will vary the firing times from about 2 hours, 40 minutes to about 4 hours, 10 minutes.

Mid Fire

This firing range is used to fire earthenware and packaged glazes. When glazes are applied to a bisque body that has already been fired, the firing can be made relatively fast. The ware should be thoroughly dried prior to firing. The heating rate is slowed during the quartz phase change, 1063 °F (573 °C). Air is needed in the kiln to develop bright shining colors, such as reds and yellows, so venting is particularly important. Slow firing rates and long soaks at elevated temperatures can produce poor quality glazes. Cooling too fast can produce glaze defects such as pinholes, blisters, and craters.

When earthenware or other bodies contain ball clays, talc, and kaolin, then compounds such as water, carbon, and sulfur will be burned-off during the firing. In addition, a phase change (physical change) in any silica present must be considered and the heating rate slowed during this reaction which occurs near 1063°F (573°C) or cracking can occur. This phase change occurs during both heating and cooling.

During the firing, the material will lose about 10 percent of its weight. This weight loss occurs due to:

- Water coming off between room temperature and 212 °F
- Binders coming off between 300 °F and 500 °F
- Chemically combined water coming off around 900 °F to 1000 °F
- Carbon and sulfur coming off between 1100 °F and 1600 °F
- Carbon dioxide evolving from calcite and dolomite around 1700 °F

The preset firing program for Bisque firings is shown below. The standard firing time is 7 hours, 30 minutes.

360 °F/hour (200°C/hr) for 2 hours, 20 minutes
180 °F/hour (100°C/hr) for 1 hour
297 °F/hour (165°C/hr) for 2 hours, 40 minutes
108 °F/hour (60°C/hr) for 1 hour, 30 minutes

The firing speed based on load size adjustment will vary the firing times from about 5 hours, 40 minutes to about 9 hours, 20 minutes.

Hi Fire

The firing range of higher temperature bodies, such as stoneware and porcelain varies between Cone 4 and Cone 10. These bodies are fired nearly to vitrification and can shrink up to 16%. Since stoneware is formulated from materials such as ball clay feldspar, silica, and kaolin, the firing must be controlled to permit proper burn-out of organic materials and to prevent cracking. As with earthenware bodies, water, carbon, and sulfur are also potential burn-out materials for stoneware. Due to the types of materials used, the color of the fired product is affected by the amount of oxygen present during the firing process.

With the presence of silica, care must be taken during the silica phase change near 1063°F (573 °C) to prevent cracking. Since the fired properties of density and porosity are critical, the firing profile during the last 210°F (100°C) is important for temperature uniformity and product maturity. It is during this time that those critical properties develop. Thick pieces of ware should be treated similar to heavy loads.

Porcelain bodies are formulated to produce very distinct colors and finish. Fired properties such as hardness, no water absorption, uniform color, and density require detailed attention to the firing process. Normally the maturing range is very small and may be less than half of a cone.

Typical porcelain bodies are formulated from kaolin, feldspars, silica, and ball clays. The weight loss during firing can be around 10 to 12 percent and shrinkage can approach 20%.

To obtain the desired fired properties, the firing must be controlled to properly burn-out all organic materials. If this is not done, imperfections can occur or show up in later firings. This normally requires slowing up the heating rate for proper burn-out of binders, release of chemically combined water, and to burn-out carbon. Sufficient oxygen is mandatory to accomplish this, so venting is important. Cracking can also occur if a rapid heating or cooling occurs around 1063°F.

Porcelain bodies require very good temperature uniformity at their final firing temperature. If a slight over-fire occurs, the body will normally warp. On maturing, the body becomes its own "glaze." A "User Program" can be used to provide soaking at the firing temperature, as an alternative to the preset cone fire program.

The preset firing program for Hi Fire is shown below. The standard firing time is 8 hours, 40 minutes.

360 °F/hour (200°C/hr) for 2 hours, 40 minutes
180 °F/hour (100°C/hr) for 50 minutes
216 °F/hour (120°C/hr) for 3 hours, 10 minutes
108 °F/hour (60°C/hr) for 2 hours

The firing speed based on load size adjustment will vary the firing times from about 6 hours, 20 minutes to about 10 hours, 50 minutes.

Preset Cone Fire Schedules

Low Fire		Degrees F		
Cone #	Ramp 1	Setpoint 1	Ramp 2	Setpoint 2
022	540	979	108	1087
021	540	1004	108	1112
020	540	1051	108	1159
019	540	1144	108	1252
018	540	1211	108	1319
017	540	1252	108	1360
016	540	1314	108	1422
015	540	1348	108	1456
014	540	1377	108	1485
013	540	1431	108	1539
012	540	1474	108	1582
011	540	1499	108	1607

MidFire		Degrees F						
Cone #	Ramp 1	Setpoint 1	Ramp 2	Setpoint 2	Ramp 3	Setpoint 3	Ramp 4	Setpoint 4
010	360	1031	180	1103	297	1504	108	1657
09	360	1031	180	1103	297	1535	108	1688
08	360	1031	180	1103	297	1575	108	1728
07	360	1031	180	1103	297	1636	108	1789
06	360	1031	180	1103	297	1675	108	1828
05	360	1031	180	1103	297	1735	108	1888
04	360	1031	180	1103	297	1792	108	1945
03	360	1031	180	1103	297	1834	108	1987
02	360	1031	180	1103	297	1863	108	2016
01	360	1031	180	1103	297	1893	108	2046

HiFire		Degrees F						
Cone #	Ramp 1	Setpoint 1	Ramp 2	Setpoint 2	Ramp 3	Setpoint 3	Ramp 4	Setpoint 4
1	360	1031	180	1103	216	1926	108	2079
2	360	1031	180	1103	216	1935	108	2088
3	360	1031	180	1103	216	1953	108	2106
4	360	1031	180	1103	216	1971	108	2124
5	360	1031	180	1103	216	2014	108	2167
6	360	1031	180	1103	216	2079	108	2232
7	360	1031	180	1103	216	2109	108	2262
8	360	1031	180	1103	216	2127	108	2280
9	360	1031	180	1103	216	2147	108	2300
10	360	1031	180	1103	216	2192	108	2345
11	360	1031	180	1103	216	2208	108	2361
12	360	1031	180	1103	216	2230	108	2383

Preset Cone Fire Schedules (Con't)

LowFire		Degrees C		
Cone #	Ramp 1	Setpoint 1	Ramp 2	Setpoint 2
022	300	526	60	586
021	300	540	60	600
020	300	566	60	626
019	300	618	60	678
018	300	655	60	715
017	300	678	60	738
016	300	712	60	772
015	300	731	60	791
014	300	747	60	807
013	300	777	60	837
012	300	801	60	861
011	300	815	60	875

MidFire		Degrees C						
Cone #	Ramp 1	Setpoint 1	Ramp 2	Setpoint 2	Ramp 3	Setpoint 3	Ramp 4	Setpoint 4
010	200	555	100	595	165	818	60	903
09	200	555	100	595	165	835	60	920
08	200	555	100	595	165	857	60	942
07	200	555	100	595	165	891	60	976
06	200	555	100	595	165	913	60	998
05	200	555	100	595	165	946	60	1031
04	200	555	100	595	165	978	60	1063
03	200	555	100	595	165	1001	60	1086
02	200	555	100	595	165	1017	60	1102
01	200	555	100	595	165	1034	60	1119

HiFire		Degrees C						
Cone #	Ramp 1	Setpoint 1	Ramp 2	Setpoint 2	Ramp 3	Setpoint 3	Ramp 4	Setpoint 4
1	200	555	100	595	120	1052	60	1137
2	200	555	100	595	120	1057	60	1142
3	200	555	100	595	120	1067	60	1152
4	200	555	100	595	120	1077	60	1162
5	200	555	100	595	120	1101	60	1186
6	200	555	100	595	120	1137	60	1222
7	200	555	100	595	120	1154	60	1239
8	200	555	100	595	120	1164	60	1249
9	200	555	100	595	120	1175	60	1260
10	200	555	100	595	120	1200	60	1285
11	200	555	100	595	120	1209	60	1294
12	200	555	100	595	120	1221	60	1306

REMOTE MONITORING AND CONTROL

Each AutoFire® Kiln Controller has a serial communications capability to allow for remote control and monitoring from a personal computer. The Orton **ControlMaster™** software package enables the user to control and monitor up to 16 kilns or furnaces simultaneously from a remote personal computer. The file can be saved so that a temperature graph or table can be generated after the firing.

ControlMaster™ is an easy to use Window®-based software package. It is compatible with any industry standard, IBM-compatible personal computer and Microsoft Windows 3.1, 3.11, or 95/98. Connections between individual controllers and the computer are made using twisted pair telephone cable. If more than one AutoFire® controller is to be connected, the cable is connected between controllers and then to the computer. Only one wire cable is run from the kiln room to the computer, where input is made through the computer's RS-232 port. Most home centers and hardware stores stock this telephone cable and connectors. Communications are made using RS-485 protocol, therefore, a Windows®-compatible, signal-powered RS-232 to RS-485 converter is needed to connect the cable from the kilns to the RS-232 port of a computer. Orton offers a converter suitable for use with **ControlMaster™**. Contact Orton for additional information on the purchase of these products. Order Orton part number C1 25001.

An introductory copy of **ControlMaster™ LT** is available free from Orton. There is a \$2.95 charge for shipping and handling. This is a fully functional, less featured version of the software package that permits programming and monitoring of **AutoFire®** controllers from a personal computer. Contact Orton for more information on this software and its use.

ControlMaster - LT

File View Help

Controller: 0

Controller Status

Temperatures:

Kiln Top: 73 F Setpoint: 32 F

Kiln Bottom: 73 F Vent Fan Status: On

Firing Status: Idle

Average Heating/Cooling Rate per Hour: -1 F

Remaining Dwell Time in Minutes: 0.0 Minutes

Line Voltage: 119 AC Available Power: 107.08%

Program Parameters

Ramp Rate (F/Hr)	Dwell Temp (F)	Dwell Time (Minutes)
360	1031	0
180	1103	0
216	2079	0
100	2232	0

Program: Hi Fire Cone Number: 6

Firing Speed: Standard Cone Offset: 0 F

Delay Start in Minutes: 0 Final Temp.: 2232 F

Threshold Alarm

Acknowledge

32 (F)

Deviation Alarm

101 (F)

Start / Stop Skip Step

Units: C F

Exit

Start ControlMaster - LT 3:29 PM

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

- Watchdog Timer Safety feature monitors electronics
- 115 or 230 Vac, +10% to -20%; 50 or 60 Hz Operation
- Operating Temperature of 0 to 70 °C (32 to 158 °F)
- Storage Temperature of -30 to +70 °C (-22 to 158 °F)
- 95% Relative Humidity
- Self Test Diagnostics
- Temperature Range: User Program to 1820°C (3308°F), Cone Fire to 1306°C (2383 °F)
- Accepts Type K, N, or S, thermocouples
- Plus and Pro Models have 3-wire thermocouple configuration option
- Relay output for vent fan automatic control
- Built in communications port

Service

Should your AutoFire® quit working or a display message which indicates your controller requires service, please call the service number listed below. Do not return any units or parts for service without first calling the service number 1-800-999-5442, first.

To Return Unit for Service:

Receive an RMA # for returning your controller.

Wrap the controller in protective packaging, and securely pack in sturdy box.

Ship the unit prepaid to Orton with a complete description of defect or problem and your name, address, and telephone number.

Upon receipt by Orton, your unit will be examined and any defective or damaged parts will be repaired or replaced. For units not under warranty an estimate will be provided upon request before repairs are made. See Warranty on the next page for complete details.

Thermocouple replacement

Orton Ceramic Foundation sells replacement thermocouples. To order a replacement, call and specify the size, type, and quantity required.

WARRANTY

The Edward Orton Jr. Ceramic Foundation (Orton Ceramic Foundation) warrants the panel mount kiln controller, hand-held kiln controller, or wall mount kiln controller with or without associated power supply and power switching components to be in good working order for a period of two (2) year from the date of purchase from Orton Ceramic Foundation. If this product fails to be in good working order, due to materials or workmanship, at any time during this two (2) year period, Orton Ceramic Foundation will, at it's option, repair or replace this product as set forth below.

The liability of Orton Ceramic Foundation is limited to replacement and/or repair of the controller, at it's factory, that does not remain in good working order, under normal operating conditions. Repair parts or replacement products will be furnished on an exchange basis and will be either reconditioned or new. All replaced parts and products become the property of Orton Ceramic Foundation.

Limited warranty service may be obtained by delivering the unit during the one (1) year warranty period to THE EDWARD ORTON JR. CERAMIC FOUNDATION, 6991 OLD 3C HIGHWAY, WESTERVILLE OH 43082-9026, USA and providing written proof of purchase and description of defect or problem. The buyer must insure the unit or assume the risk of loss or damage in transit, prepay shipping charges to the service location, and use the original shipping container or equivalent. The buyer will be invoiced for shipping and handling charges incurred in returning the unit after service.

Service may also be obtained on units no longer under warranty by returning unit prepaid to Orton Ceramic Foundation with a description of the problem, and buyer's name, address, and telephone number. The buyer will be contacted with an estimate of the service charges before any work is performed.

All express and implied warranties for this product including the warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose are limited in duration to a period of two (2) year from the date of purchase and no other warranty, whether expressed or implied, will apply after this period.

This warranty does not apply to the thermocouple and does not apply to any damage resulting from:

1. Overfiring (melting of materials being fired) regardless of cause of overfiring.
2. Operation beyond electrical rating including overloading or shorts in user connected equipment.
3. External sources including chemicals, heat abuse, and improper use.
4. Improper or inadequate maintenance by the user.
5. Parts or equipment not supplied by Orton Ceramic Foundation.
6. Unauthorized modification or misuse.
7. Operation outside environmental specifications.
8. Improper installation.

Units returned for service where no defect is found will be subject to a service fee.

If this product is not in good working order as warranted above, your sole remedy shall be repair or replacement as provided above. In no event will Orton Ceramic Foundation be liable for any damages, including any lost profits, lost savings, or other incidental or consequential damages arising out of the use of or inability to use such a product even if Orton Ceramic Foundation has been advised of the possibility of such damages, or for any claim by any other party.

The above limitation of liability does not apply in the event that any Orton Ceramic Foundation control product is determined by a court of competent jurisdiction to be defective and to have directly caused bodily injury, death or property damage; provided, that in no event shall Orton's liability exceed the greater of \$1000 or the purchase price of the specific product that caused such damage.

If you are not satisfied with the performance of the controller or the conditions of this warranty, return the controller in good working condition with written proof of purchase and with transportation and insurance prepaid, within 30 days to THE EDWARD ORTON JR. CERAMIC FOUNDATION, 6991 OLD 3C HIGHWAY, WESTERVILLE OH 43082-9026, USA and you will receive a full refund.

Appendix A – User Program Charts

User Program 1 – USr1

Step #	Ramp Rate (rA: °/hr)	Temperature (°F/°C)	Hold Time (Hd: min.)	Vent Fan (Fn: on/off)
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				

User Program 2 – Usr2

Step #	Ramp Rate (rA: °/hr)	Temperature (°F/°C)	Hold Time (Hd: min.)	Vent Fan (Fn: on/off)
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				

User Program 3 – Usr3

Step #	Ramp Rate (rA: °/hr)	Temperature (°F/°C)	Hold Time (Hd: min.)	Vent Fan (Fn: on/off)
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				

User Program 4 – Usr4

Step #	Ramp Rate (rA: °/hr)	Temperature (°F/°C)	Hold Time (Hd: min.)	Vent Fan (Fn: on/off)
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				

Appendix B – Pyrometric Cones and Their Use

Using Orton Pyrometric Cones

Pyrometric cones have been used since the late 1800's to monitor kiln behavior. They are useful in determining when a firing is complete, if the kiln provided enough heat, if there was a temperature difference in the kiln or if a problem occurred during the firing.

Cones are made from carefully controlled compositions. Each cone bends in a repeatable manner over a relatively small temperature range (less than 30°C). The final bending position is an indication of how much heat was absorbed.

Pyrometric cones have been used to monitor ceramic firings for more than 100 years. They are useful in determining when a firing is complete, if the kiln provided enough heat, if there was a temperature difference in the kiln or if a problem occurred during the firing.

Cones are made from carefully controlled compositions. They bend in a repeatable manner (over a relatively small temperature range - less than 40°F). The final bending position is an indication of how much heat was absorbed.

Temperatures are given for three series of cones. The soft series covers Cone 022 to 011. The low temperature series covers Cone 010 to 01 and the intermediate temperature series starts at Cone 1 up to 12. Cones are made to Cone 42.

Temperature equivalent charts are periodically updated. The temperatures shown inside represent the most accurate data available for cones shipped today. It will be noted that the temperature spacing between cone numbers varies. As a result, some cone numbers deform closer to their neighbors than others. In some cases, Orton produces a half cone.

Cones located on a kiln shelf near the ware are referred to as witness or shelf cones. Small (junior) cones/bars are used in a KilnSitter®. Small cones are sometimes used as witness cones, but this must be done with care because they bend at substantially higher temperatures. Cones bend when sufficient glass forms and the cone becomes soft. The composition of the cone and the amount of heat determine when the cone bends.

Kiln-Sitter® cones/bars bend due to the weight of the sensing rod. Witness cones bend due to gravity pulling the cone over. Mounting heights and angle affect the bending. If the cone is mounted higher than recommended or if it leans over more than 8°, it will bend earlier.

Orton developed Self-Supporting witness cones to fix mounting height and angle. These provide for more repeatable performance. Temperatures are given for different cone types and mounting heights, all mounted 8° from the vertical.

Behavior of Pyrometric Cones

Typically, it takes 15 to 25 minutes for a cone to bend once it starts. This depends on the cone number. The cone bends slowly at first but once it reaches the half way point (3 o'clock), it bends quickly. When the cone tip reaches a point level with the base, it is considered properly fired. This is the point for which equivalent temperatures are determined. Differences between a cone touching the shelf and a cone at the 4 o'clock position are small, usually a few °C or °F.

Temperatures shown on the inside charts were determined under controlled firing conditions in electric kilns and air atmospheres.

Cone bending may also be affected by reducing atmospheres or those containing sulfur oxides. Orton recommends the use of Iron-Free cones for all reduction firings (cones 010-3). If a cone is heated too fast, the cone surface fuses and binders used to make cones form gases that bloat the cone. If cones are to be fired rapidly, they should be calcined (pre-fired) before use. Cones should be calcined to about 850°F (455°C) in an air atmosphere.

Temperatures are shown for specific heating rates. These heating rates are for the last 90 to 120 minutes of the firing. If the heating rate is different, so will be the equivalent temperature. The temperature will be higher for faster heating rates and lower for slower heating rates.

If a cone is soaked at a temperature near its equivalent temperature, it will continue to mature, form glass and bend. The time for the cone to bend depends on several factors and Orton does not provide such data for its cones. However, as a general rule, a 1 to 2 hour soak will be sufficient to deform the next higher cones. A soak of 4 to 6 hours will be required to deform two higher (hotter) cones.

Appendix C – Temperature Equivalents

TEMPERATURE EQUIVALENTS °F FOR ORTON PYROMETRIC CONES

TEMPERATURE EQUIVALENTS °C FOR ORTON PYROMETRIC CONES

These tables provide a guide for the selection of cones. The actual bending temperature depends on firing conditions. Once the appropriate bending cones are selected, excellent, reproducible results can be expected.

Self Supporting Cones										Self Supporting Cones									
Cone Type and Composition					Cone Type and Composition					Cone Type and Composition					Cone Type and Composition				
Regular					Regular					Regular					Regular				
Heating Rate °C/hour (last 90-120 minutes of firing)					Heating Rate °F/hour (last 90-120 minutes of firing)					Heating Rate °C/hour (last 90-120 minutes of firing)					Heating Rate °F/hour (last 90-120 minutes of firing)				
15	60	150	15	60	150	60	150	60	150	27	108	270	27	108	270	108	270	108	270
586	590					N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1087	1094				N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
600	617					N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1112	1143				N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
626	638					N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1159	1180				N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
656	678	695				676	693			1213	1252	1283			1249	1279			
686	715	734				712	732			1267	1319	1353			1314	1350			
705	738	763				736	761			1301	1360	1405			1357	1402			
742	772	796				769	794			1368	1422	1465			1416	1461			
750	791	818				788	816			1382	1456	1504			1450	1501			
757	807	838				807	836			1395	1485	1540			1485	1537			
807	837	861				837	859			1485	1539	1582			1539	1578			
843	861	882				858	880			1549	1582	1620			1576	1616			
857	875	894				873	892			1575	1607	1641			1603	1638			
891	903	915	871	886	893	898	913	884	891	1636	1657	1679	1600	1627	1639	1648	1675	1623	1636
907	920	930	899	919	928	917	928	917	926	1665	1688	1706	1650	1686	1702	1683	1702	1683	1699
922	942	956	924	946	957	942	954	945	955	1692	1728	1753	1695	1735	1755	1728	1749	1733	1751
962	976	987	953	971	982	973	985	970	980	1764	1789	1809	1747	1780	1800	1783	1805	1778	1796
981	998	1013	969	991	998	995	1011	991	996	1798	1828	1855	1776	1816	1828	1823	1852	1816	1825
1004	1015	1025	990	1012	1021	1012	1023	1011	1020	1839	1859	1877	1814	1854	1870	1854	1873	1852	1868
1021	1031	1044	1013	1037	1046	1030	1046	1032	1044	1870	1888	1911	1855	1899	1915	1886	1915	1890	1911
1046	1063	1077	1043	1061	1069	1060	1070	1060	1067	1915	1945	1971	1909	1942	1956	1940	1958	1940	1953
1071	1086	1104	1066	1088	1093	1086	1101	1087	1091	1960	1987	2019	1951	1990	1999	1987	2014	1989	2068
1078	1102	1122	1084	1105	1115	1101	1120	1102	1113	1972	2016	2052	1983	2021	2039	2014	2048	2016	2035
1093	1119	1138	1101	1123	1134	1117	1137	1122	1132	1999	2046	2080	2014	2053	2073	2043	2079	2052	2152
1109	1137	1154	1119	1139	1148	1136	1154	1137	1146	2028	2079	2109	2046	2082	2098	2077	2109	2079	2163
1112	1142	1164				1142	1162			2034	2088	2127			2088	2124			2174
1115	1152	1170	1130	1154	1162	1152	1168	1151	1160	2039	2106	2138	2066	2109	2124	2106	2134	2104	2185
1141	1162	1183				1160	1181			2086	2124	2161			2120	2158			2208
1159	1186	1207				1184	1205			2118	2167	2205			2163	2201			2230
1167	1203	1225				1201	1223			2133	2197	2237			2194	2233			N/A
1185	1222	1243				1220	1241			2165	2232	2269			2228	2266			2291
1201	1239	1257				1237	1255			2194	2262	2295			2259	2291			2307
1211	1249	1271				1247	1269			2212	2280	2320			2277	2316			2372
1224	1260	1280				1257	1278			2235	2300	2336			2295	2332			2403
1251	1285	1305				1282	1303			2284	2345	2381			2340	2377			2426
1272	1294	1315				1293	1312			2322	2361	2399			2359	2394			2437
1285	1306	1326				1304	1324			2345	2383	2419			2379	2415			2471

Self Supporting Cones										Self Supporting Cones									
Cone Type and Composition					Cone Type and Composition					Cone Type and Composition					Cone Type and Composition				
Regular					Regular					Regular					Regular				
Heating Rate °C/hour (last 90-120 minutes of firing)					Heating Rate °F/hour (last 90-120 minutes of firing)					Heating Rate °C/hour (last 90-120 minutes of firing)					Heating Rate °F/hour (last 90-120 minutes of firing)				
15	60	150	15	60	150	60	150	60	150	27	108	270	27	108	270	108	270	108	270
586	590					N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1087	1094				N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
600	617					N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1112	1143				N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
626	638					N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1159	1180				N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
656	678	695				676	693			1213	1252	1283			1249	1279			
686	715	734				712	732			1267	1319	1353			1314	1350			
705	738	763				736	761			1301	1360	1405			1357	1402			
742	772	796				769	794			1368	1422	1465			1416	1461			
750	791	818				788	816			1382	1456	1504			1450	1501			
757	807	838				807	836			1395	1485	1540			1485	1537			
807	837	861				837	859			1485	1539	1582			1539	1578			
843	861	882				858	880			1549	1582	1620			1576	1616			
857	875	894				873	892			1575	1607	1641			1603	1638			
891	903	915	871	886	893	898	913	884	891	1636	1657	1679	1600	1627	1639	1648	1675	1623	1636
907	920	930	899	919	928	917	928	917	926	1665	1688	1706	1650	1686	1702	1683	1702	1683	1699
922	942	956	924	946	957	942	954	945	955	1692	1728	1753	1695	1735	1755	1728	1749	1733	1751
962	976	987	953	971	982	973	985	970	980	1764	1789	1809	1747	1780	1800	1783	1805	1778	1796
981	998	1013	969	991	998	995	1011	991	996	1798	1828	1855	1776	1816	1828	1823	1852	1816	1825
1004	1015	1025	990	1012	1021	1012	1023	1011	1020	1839	1859	1877	1814	1854	1870	1854	1873	1852	1868
1021	1031	1044	1013	1037	1046	1030	1046	1032	1044	1870	1888	1911	1855	1899	1915	1886	1915	1890	1911
1046	1063	1077	1043	1061	1069	1060	1070	1060	1067	1915	1945	1971	1909	1942	1956	1940	1958	1940	1953
1071	1086	1104	1066	1088	1093	1086	1101	1087	1091	1960	1987	2019	1951	1990	1999	1987	2014	1989	2068
1078	1102	1122	1084	1105	1115	1101	1120	1102	1113	1972	2016	2052	1983	2021	2039	2014	2048	2016	2035
1093	1119	1138	1101	1123	1134	1117	1137	1122	1132	1999	2046	2080	2014	2053	2073	2043	2079	2052	2152
1109	1137	1154	1119	1139	1148	1136	1154	1137	1146	2028	2079	2109	2046	2082	2098	2077	2109	2079	2163
1112	1142	1164				1142	1162			2034	2088	2127			2088	2124			2174
1115	1152	1170	1130	1154	1162	1152	1168	1151	1160	2039	2106	2138	2066	2109	2124	2106	2134	2104	2185
1141	1162	1183				1160	1181			2086	2124	2161			2120	2158			2208
1159	1186	1207				1184	1205			2118	2167	2205			2163	2201			2230
1167	1203	1225				1201	1223			2133	2197	2237			2194	2233			N/A
1185	1222	1243				1220	1241			2165	2232	2269			2228	2266			2291
1201	1239	1257				1237	1255			2194	2262	2295			2259	2291			2307
1211	1249	1271				1247	1269			2212	2280	2320			2277	2316			2372
1224	1260	1280				1257	1278			2235	2300	2336			2295	2332			2403
1251	1285	1305				1282	1303			2284	2345	2381			2340	2377			2426
1272	1294	1315				1293	1312			2322	2361	2399			2359	2394			2437
1285	1306	1326				1304	1324			2345	2383	2419			2379	2415			2471

Self Supporting Cones										Self Supporting Cones									
Cone Type and Composition					Cone Type and Composition					Cone Type and Composition					Cone Type and Composition				
Regular					Regular					Regular					Regular				
Heating Rate °C/hour (last 90-120 minutes of firing)					Heating Rate °F/hour (last 90-120 minutes of firing)					Heating Rate °C/hour (last 90-120 minutes of firing)					Heating Rate °F/hour (last 90-120 minutes of firing)				
15	60	150	15	60	150	6													

Appendix D – Vent Fan Options Available

Vent fan control is an Option for which the controller is configured at the factory when ordered. Control of electrical power to the vent fan needs to be controlled by the controller by turning a relay on or off. Therefore, either the kiln or the controller power box needs to be wired with an electrical connection for the vent to be plugged or wired into this relay. This option may not be installed on your AutoFire® controller.

Vent Fan Modes

The user may specify the mode of operation through the OPTIONS menu by selecting any one of the following modes:

Cone Program

Off	Vent fan “off ” all the time
On	Vent fan “on” all the time
OptA	Option A temperature thresholds
OptB	Option B temperature thresholds

User Program

Fn #	Vent fan can be turned “on” or “off” during each ramp segment of user program.
-------------	--

Description of Vent Fan Modes:

For vent fan operation for increasing ramps

[T1] the vent fan turns on at 100F.
[T2] the vent fan turns off at 1450F.

For vent fan operation for decreasing ramps

[T3] the vent fan turns on at 1000F.
[T4] the vent fan turns off at 300F.

Mode: OPTA

The vent fan shall be “on” during increasing (heating) ramps of an active firing cycle if:
Kiln temperature is greater than or equal to T1 and less than T2.

The vent fan shall be “on” during decreasing (cooling) ramps of an active cycle if:
Kiln temperature is less than T3 and greater than or equal to T4.

If the kiln temperature is invalid (open thermocouple for example), the vent shall be “off”.

Mode: OPTB

The vent fan will be “on” during increasing ramps (heating) of an active firing cycle if:
Kiln temperature is greater than or equal to T1.

The vent fan is “on” during decreasing ramps (cooling) of an active cycle if:
Kiln temperature is greater than or equal to T4.

If the kiln temperature is invalid (open thermocouple for example), the vent fan shall be “off”

Mode: User Program

The Vent Fan Option is activated under **Level 2 Options** (if the controller was ordered with this option). If the USER program ramp option is not active, then the vent fan is “off”

If Vent Fan is active, the vent fan operation is controlled by the 4th segment in the User Program. The User determines during programming whether the Vent Fan is “on” or “off” for each ramp segment.

1. If the user specifies that the Vent Fan should be “off”, then the vent fan is “off” with no other conditions evaluated.
2. If the kiln is programmed to heat up, then the vent fan is “on” (regardless of whether the controller is in the ramp, dwell, recovery, or hold states).
3. If the controller is in a power-recovery mode and heating up, then the vent fan is “off”.
4. If the controller is in a power-recovery mode and cooling down, then the vent fan is “on”.
5. If the controller is holding at a temperature, then the vent fan is “off”.

Note: If it is desired to have vent fan “on” during the dwell portion of a cooling segment, the operator can break the dwell segment into two parts. The first segment can specify a zero dwell time and the second segment specify the same dwell temperature with the desired dwell time. For example, if the operator wants the vent fan to be “on” during the dwell portion of cooling segment 2 of the following User Program, then the operator can divide segment 2 into segments 2 and 3 as follows:

Two Segment Program

<u>Seg #</u>	<u>Ramp Rate</u>	<u>Dwell Temp</u>	<u>Dwell Time</u>	<u>Vent Fan</u>
1	500	1000	30	ON
2	(-)300	750	60	ON

Three Segment Program

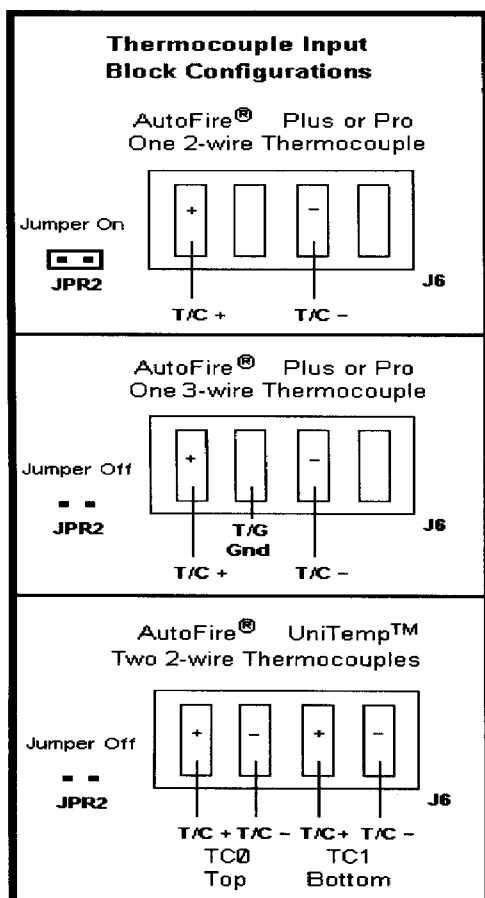
1	500	1000	30	ON
2	(-)300	750	0	ON
3	999	750	60	ON

For the two-segment program, the vent fan will be “off ” during the dwell state of segment 2, even when the vent fan has been set to “on” in the program.

For the three-segment program, when two dwell temperatures are the same, the software interprets the 999 ramp rate as a positive number, so during segment 3 dwell state, the vent fan will be “on”. Irregardless of the mode of operation, whenever the controller is in the abort state “Abt”, the vent fan is turned “off”. The “Abt” state can be a result of the operator aborting the active firing cycle, or can be a result of an error condition that terminated the firing cycle.

Appendix E – Connecting Thermocouples

Expanded View of Thermocouple Configuration



Thermocouple Color Chart:

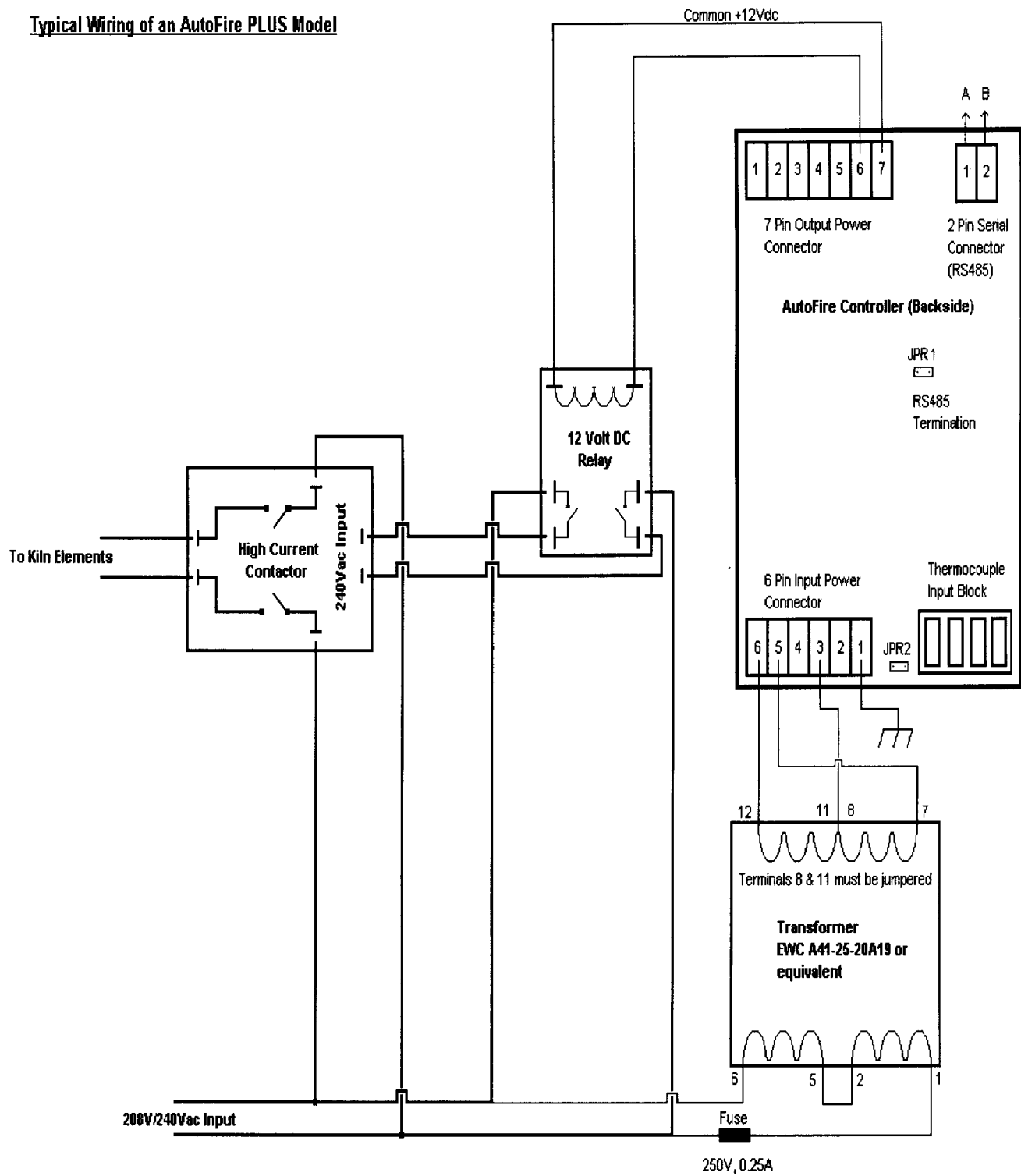
Type K (Chromel/Alumel)
Sheath: Yellow
Wires: red (–) and yellow (+)

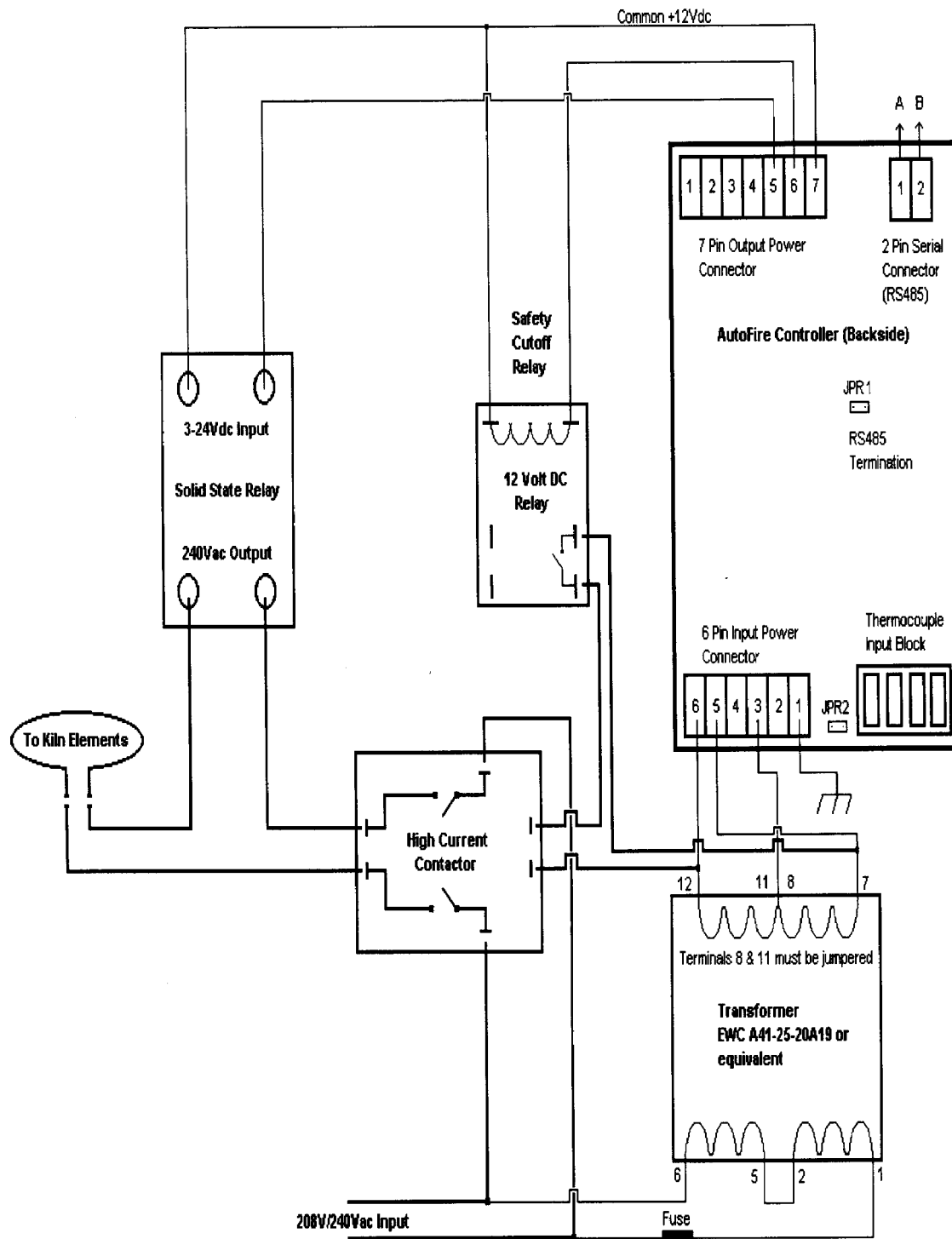
Type N (Nicrosil/Nisil)
Sheath: Orange
Wires: red (–) and orange (+)

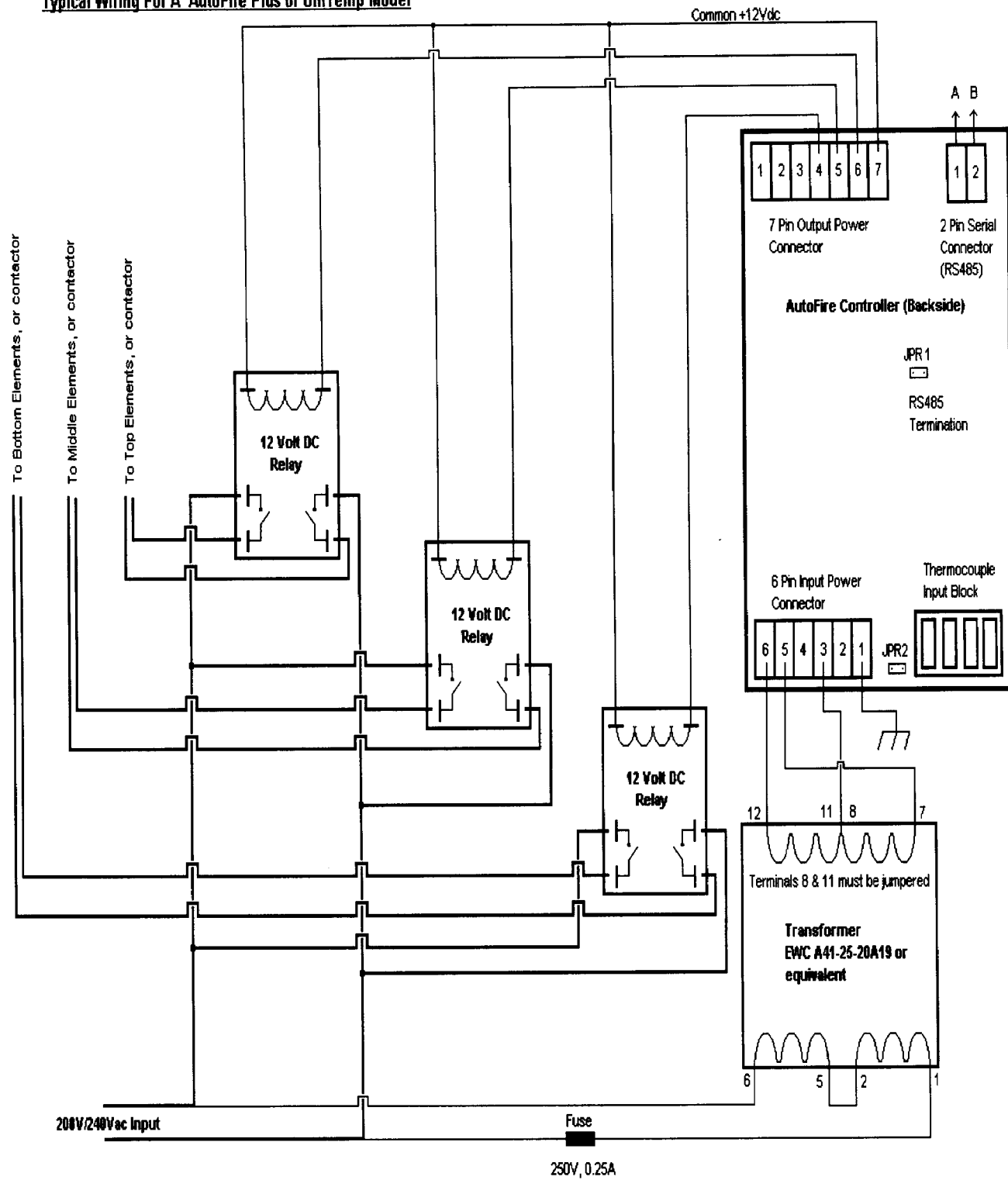
Type S (Platinum-Rhodium/Platinum)
Sheath: Green
Wires: red (–) and black (+)

Appendix F – Typical Wiring Diagrams

Typical Wiring of an AutoFire PLUS Model



Typical Wiring of an AutoFire PRO Model

Typical Wiring For A AutoFire Plus or UniTemp Model

Appendix G – Program Lock/Unlock

Please cut out these instructions if you DO NOT want readers of this manual to understand how to lock and unlock programs on your AutoFire™ Controller.

Instructions for Locking and Unlocking a Program

Refer to previous instructions in User's Manual to enter into Level 2 Options. Go to Level 2 options and cursor through parameters until **LoUn** is displayed, then press ENTER.

To change between locked (**Lo**) and unlocked (**Un**) mode, press the Delay Start key three consecutive times. The display will alternate between **Lo** and **Un** for each sequence of three key presses to the Delay Start key. Press Enter to select mode. The controller will then default back to Idle mode in about 20 seconds and allow the controller to be operated according to the mode just selected. Contact Orton for additional information, or programming of this feature.

Be sure to have your particular program entered into the controller, along with any additional firing parameters, such as firing speed (Cone Fire only), before locking the controller.



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